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FACTUAL SURVEY ON THE 600 PARTICIPANTS OF THE PILOT 'ECONOMIC RECOVERY PROGRAMME'

SPONSORED BY THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT

IMPLEMENTED BY ILO AND SAACID

1 MAY – 19 AUGUST 2003

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Executive Summary

The survey was initiated and conducted by SAACID.

It was designed to provide proof to ILO and the Italian Government that the targeted 600 poor workers were indeed employed on the 'Economic Recovery Programme'.

SAACID needs to emphasise that the survey best elucidates the views and concerns of the poorest and most marginalised in Mogadishu at this point in time, as this was the group that was specifically targeted by the programme.

All participants had to provide 2 photos and complete the fact sheet as one of the conditions of employment. This was to ensure the integrity of the programme and to stop local leaders from putting in 'ghost' workers and pocketing the wage money.

The SAACID staff that carried out the survey reported that the cooperation was excellent and that they gauged the participant's answers to be true and fair. Only on one question did they feel that the people were being unduly influenced by the programme. That was the question of 'What job would you like to do in the future?'. On this question a significant number of the participants replied with the answer 'sanitation worker' in the hope of securing further employment through this pilot programme.

SAACID also saw this as an excellent opportunity to interview and map the poor in Mogadishu on a variety of issues. The answers to the questions SAACID posed to the participants are detailed by district and summary.

Women took the majority of the working position in the programme (62.83%). One of the criteria for the programme was that all districts had to have a minimum of 50% women employed on site. SAACID further lobbied for as many positions as possible to go to women, because SAACID is a women's NGO and because SAACID believes that, as a generalisation, Somali women are more responsible with money than Somali men. Another factor that led to the high percentage of women being selected was that many Somali men were not prepared to work collecting garbage and cleaning the streets.

Only one district failed to comply with the minimum 50% women criteria, and that was Bondhere District. There were mitigating circumstances here, as Bondhere is badly divided within the district along clan lines and it was very difficult for them to come up with a list of 100 people that all agreed upon. Through the implementation of the programme, trust and relationships have strengthened greatly in the district and in any extension programme this issue will not arise again.

The average age of the participants in the programme was 36 and a half.

All participants indicated that they were unemployed before the programme began.

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38.83% of the participants indicated that they were Internally Displaced Persons (IDP's).

The average monthly income for the families of the participants was US\$15.25 – not including the income generated from this programme.

The average number of family members living with each of the participants was 9.45.

The average number of children that were alive for each married participant was 7.62.

The average number of children that were born, but since, for any number of reasons have died, was 2.19 per married participant.

The percentage of children that have died to married participants was 28.76%.

50.33% of the participants indicated that they had no education at all. When surveyed by sex, 62.33% of female participants indicated that they had no education at all. While 30.04% of male participants indicated that they had no education at all.

Only 35.28% of the women indicated they could read and write - this was compared to 72.96% of the men.

Only 20.69% of the women indicated they could add, subtract, divide and multiply - this was compared to 54.07% of the men.

Interestingly, 49.34% of the women were married compared to 77.13% of the men on the programme. 19.89% of the women indicated that they were divorced, while only 6.28% of the men said they were currently divorced. 19.36% of the women indicated that they were widowed, while only 1.79% of the men indicated that they were in that category.

66.33% of the participants who had married indicated that they had divorced at least once. 33.67% of the participants indicated that they had married but had never divorced. Of those, 39.26% of the women indicated they had never divorced, while 24.22% of the men said that they had never divorced.

30.17% of the participants indicated that they had no previous job experience at all. Of those, 35.28% of the women indicated that they had no experience at all, while 21.52% of the men indicated that they had no previous job experience.

48.33% of all participants indicated they thought that Somali women did have access to legal rights through Sharia or Islamic law. 43.17% of the participants indicated that they did not think that Somali women had access to any law at the present time.

63.68% of the men surveyed agreed with the statement that Somali women had access to their legal rights through the Sharia or Islamic system. While only 39.26% of the women surveyed indicated that they thought they had access through the Sharia or Islamic system.

54.38% of the women surveyed indicated that they did not think they had access to any legal system at the present time. 24.21% of the men surveyed indicated that they thought Somali women did not have access to legal rights at this point in time.

63.33% of the participants indicated that they had no health problems. 36.67% of participants indicated that they had at least one medical problem. 14.83% of the participants indicated they had varying levels of malnutrition. 9.67% of the participants indicated that they were currently suffering from malaria. 4.83% of the participants indicated that they currently had a Sexually Transmitted Disease (STD).

62.5% of participants indicated that their families had no health problems. When comparing the data to the list of indicated personal health problems, it is clear that there is under-reporting of family health problems. The data is valuable in that it indicates the types of health issues facing the poor in Mogadishu.

More than 70% of men and women indicated that there was an immediate need for medical care for themselves or their family members. 25% of the participants indicated that they had never been to a doctor. That figure was comprised of 29.44% of the female participants and 17.49% of the male participants. The main factor cited for not seeking medical attention was economic constraints. Another 27.5% of the participants indicated that they had sort medical attention in the life of the programme.

Interestingly, 66.58% of the female participants indicated that a female was the primary healthcare provider for the family, while 57.85% of the male participants indicated that a male was the primary healthcare provider for the family.

55.17% of the participants indicated that they did not have an understanding of what HIV/AIDS was. 61.27% of the female participants indicated that they were unaware of what HIV/AIDS was and 44.84% of the male participants indicated that they were unaware of what HIV/AIDS was.

6.67% of the participants indicated that they were aware of someone with HIV/AIDS - a significant increase over a 1998 survey result that SAACID carried out. Of those that did indicate knowledge of someone with the disease, 11.21% of the male participants indicated the awareness of someone they knew, while only 3.98% of the female respondents indicated a similar awareness.

53.33% of the participants indicated that they had no idea of the measures that could prevent HIV/AIDS. Another 31.5% of the participants indicated that HIV/AIDS could be prevented by not having sex outside marriage.

Only 16 of the 600 participants indicated gun ownership. The low rate of ownership can be related to the level of relative poverty.

Number of participants by sex:

SAACID is a women's NGO and has a strong history of advocacy for Somali women. Historically in Somalia, women have not had the opportunity to work or be educated. SAACID saw this programme as a way in which it could practically advocate for Somali women. Somali women are generally more responsible for their families than men and SAACID argued that the larger the number of women participating in the programme the more money would be given to the family in the form of food, health and education.

One of the criteria SAACID set for selection for the programme for each of the participating 6 districts in Mogadishu was that at least 50% of the people should be women.

The percentage of women enrolled in the programme was 62.83%.

The percentage of men enrolled in the programme was 37.17%.

There are two reasons for the large number of women selected for the programme:

1. Many men did not want to participate in the programme, as garbage collection is considered very demeaning in Somali society
2. SAACID advocated strongly for as many very poor women to be included as possible

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu		Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu		Bondhere District - Mogadishu	
Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
66	34	75	25	48	52

Hodan District - Mogadishu		Warberri District - Mogadishu		Yaqshid District - Mogadishu	
Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
61	39	72	28	55	45

600 participants	
Female	Male
377	223

How old are you?

SAACID has an explicit policy against 'ageism', so SAACID also argued strongly that any able-bodied woman or man between the ages of 18 and 70 that was willing to participate in the programme should be allowed to participate in the programme.

The average age of participants on the programme was 36.62.

The average age of female participants on the programme was 37.25.

The average age of male participants on the programme was 34.03.

The percentage of those between 18 and 30 was 35.33%

The percentage of those between 31 and 40 was 26.33%.

The percentage of those between 41 and 50 was 23.83%

The percentage of those between 51 and 70 was 14.5%.

Abdul-aziz - District - Mogadishu										
	18-21	22-25	26-30	31-35	36-40	41-45	46-50	51-55	56-60	61-65
Female	14	7	7	13	9	4	5	4	3	0
Male	6	10	5	3	4	6	0	0	0	0
Total	20	17	12	16	13	10	5	4	3	0

Hawl-wadag - District - Mogadishu										
	18-21	22-25	26-30	31-35	36-40	41-45	46-50	51-55	56-60	61-65
Female	8	11	11	9	12	5	13	4	2	0
Male	0	0	8	1	2	5	4	3	2	0
Total	8	11	19	10	14	10	17	7	4	0

Bondhere District - Mogadishu										
	18-21	22-25	26-30	31-35	36-40	41-45	46-50	51-55	56-60	61-65
Female	9	2	11	1	7	12	4	0	2	0
Male	11	9	5	6	3	8	4	3	3	0
Total	20	11	16	7	10	20	8	3	5	0

Hodan District - Mogadishu										
	18-21	22-25	26-30	31-35	36-40	41-45	46-50	51-55	56-60	66-70
Female	5	2	10	9	10	5	8	6	5	1
Male	2	6	4	6	4	4	8	3	2	0
Total	7	8	14	15	14	9	16	9	7	1

Warberri District - Mogadishu										
	18-21	22-25	26-30	31-35	36-40	41-45	46-50	51-55	56-60	61-65
Female	7	6	2	12	8	7	17	7	6	0
Male	3	3	5	9	4	1	0	2	1	0
Total	10	9	7	21	12	8	17	9	7	0

Yaqshid District - Mogadishu										
	18-21	22-25	26-30	31-35	36-40	41-45	46-50	51-55	56-60	61-65
Female	5	2	5	5	12	6	8	6	6	2
Male	3	2	6	3	6	6	3	4	10	0
Total	8	4	11	8	18	12	11	10	16	2

600 Participants										
	18-21	22-25	26-30	31-35	36-40	41-45	46-50	51-55	56-60	61-65
Female	48	30	46	49	58	39	55	27	24	2
Male	25	30	33	28	23	30	19	15	18	0
Total	73	60	79	77	81	69	74	42	42	2

One participant was 68 years old.

Are you currently unemployed?

One of the criteria for selection in the programme was that they had to be currently unemployed.

All participants indicated that they were unemployed before the programme began.

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu		Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu		Bondhere District - Mogadishu	
Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
100	0	100	0	100	0

Hodan District - Mogadishu		Warberi District - Mogadishu		Yaqshid District - Mogadishu	
Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
100	0	100	0	100	0

Where is your birthplace?

Somalis are identified very closely with their clans and to places or areas of land. This is an integral element of their identity. So, it is important to identify where they have come from. This will indicate the makeup of each district and help in terms of sub-clan mapping. It is also an indicator to ensure that all clans are being represented in the programme.

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu		Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu		Bondhere District - Mogadishu	
Region of Birth	Total	Region of Birth	Total	Region of Birth	Total
Mogadishu	68	Mogadishu	41	Mogadishu	66
Middle Shabelle	17	Galgudud	14	Middle Shabelle	15
Lower Shabelle	5	Lower Shabelle	11	Galgudud	6
Galgudud	4	Hiran	8	Lower Shabelle	5
Hiran	3	Middle Shabelle	6	Middle Jubba	3
Middle Jubba	1	Ethiopia	6	Hiran	2
Somaliland	2	Bay	5	Lower Jubba	2
		Mudug	3	Mudug	1
		Lower Jubba	3		
		Gedo	2		
		Bari	1		

Hodan District - Mogadishu		Warberi District - Mogadishu		Yaqshid District - Mogadishu	
Region of Birth	Total	Region of Birth	Total	Region of Birth	Total
Galgudud	42	Mogadishu	44	Mogadishu	40
Mogadishu	28	Bay	11	Middle Shabelle	31
Ethiopia	9	Lower Shabelle	10	Galgudud	13
Hiran	7	Hiran	7	Hiran	8
Lower Shabelle	4	Middle Shabelle	7	Lower Shabelle	4
Bay	4	Galgudud	7	Ethiopia	2
Somaliland	3	Bakool	5	Lower Jubba	1
Middle Shabelle	2	Gedo	3	Bay	1
Mudug	1	Ethiopia	3		
		Lower Jubba	2		
		Bari	1		

600 participants		
Region of Birth	Total	Percentage
Mogadishu	287	47.83
Galgudud	86	14.33
Middle Shabelle	78	13.00
Lower Shabelle	39	6.50
Hiran	35	5.83
Bay	21	3.50
Ethiopia	20	3.33
Lower Jubba	8	1.33
Somaliland	5	0.83
Gedo	5	0.83
Mudug	5	0.83
Bakool	5	0.83
Middle Jubba	4	0.66
Bari	2	0.33

Are you an Internally Displaced Person (IDP) or a resident of Mogadishu?

The IDP's in the 6 districts took 38.83% of the available work places.

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu		Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu		Bondhere District - Mogadishu	
Displaced	Resident	Displaced	Resident	Displaced	Resident
67	33	52	48	23	77

Hodan District - Mogadishu		Warberri District - Mogadishu		Yaqshid District - Mogadishu	
Displaced	Resident	Displaced	Resident	Displaced	Resident
45	55	24	76	22	78

600 Participants	
Displaced	Resident
233	367

What is the current monthly income of your family?

Average monthly income for the 600 participant's families is: US\$15.25 per month (not including the income from this programme)

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu (US\$)									
0	1-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	200
3	17	32	33	5	7	0	1	1	1

Average monthly income for Abdul-aziz participant's families is: US\$22.20 per month (not including the income from this programme)

Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu (US\$)									
0	1-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	200
37	16	31	15	0	1	0	0	0	0

Average monthly income for Hawl-wadag participant's families is: US\$9.55 per month (not including the income from this programme)

Bondhere District - Mogadishu (US\$)									
0	1-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	200
2	19	41	32	2	3	0	0	1	0

Average monthly income for Bondhere participant's families is: US\$17.90 per month (not including the income from this programme)

Hodan District - Mogadishu (US\$)									
0	1-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	200
1	48	37	13	0	1	0	0	0	0

Average monthly income for Hodan participant's families is: US\$11.65 per month (not including the income from this programme)

Warberi District - Mogadishu (US\$)									
0	1-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	200
14	40	36	9	1	0	0	0	0	0

Average monthly income for Hodan participant's families is: US\$10.00 per month (not including the income from this programme)

Yaqshid District - Mogadishu (US\$)									
0	1-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	200
0	10	43	41	1	4	0	0	1	0

Average monthly income for Warberi participant's families is: US\$20.10 per month (not including the income from this programme)

600 Participants									
0	1-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	200
57	150	220	143	9	16	0	1	3	1

How many family members are currently living with you?

It was important to understand how many other people were relying on the income generated from this programme.

The average number of family members currently living with each participant is 9.45

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu																				
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
3	1	6	7	8	3	11	7	10	11	10	8	3	3	2	3	1	0	1	0	1
0	1	12	21	32	15	66	49	80	99	100	88	36	39	28	45	16	0	18	0	20

The total number of family members living with all participants in Abdul-aziz is: 765

The average number of family members currently living with each participant in Abdul-aziz is: 7.65

Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu																				
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
0	0	0	2	3	9	8	10	11	12	17	1	10	6	4	1	2	0	2	0	2
0	0	0	6	12	45	48	70	88	108	170	11	120	78	56	15	32	0	36	0	40

The total number of family members living with all participants Hawl-wadag is: 935

The average number of family members currently living with each participant Hawl-wadag is: 9.35

Bondhere District - Mogadishu																				
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1	0	1	3	4	3	13	5	9	11	5	5	11	3	5	7	4	1	4	1	0
0	0	2	9	14	15	78	35	72	99	50	55	131	39	70	105	64	17	72	19	0

There was one family of 23 persons.

There was one family of 24 persons.

There was one family of 25 persons.

The total number of family members living with all participants Bondhere: 1,018

The average number of family members currently living with each participant Bondhere is: 10.18

Hodan District - Mogadishu																				
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
0	0	0	0	3	2	3	10	11	11	16	9	5	3	3	11	2	3	1	0	3
0	0	0	0	12	10	18	70	88	99	160	99	60	39	42	165	32	51	18	0	60

There was one family of 21 persons.

There was one family of 22 persons.

There were two families of 25 persons.

The total number of family members living with all participants Hodan: 1,185

The average number of family members currently living with each participant Hodan is: 11.85

Warberri District - Mogadishu																				
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
0	0	0	1	2	1	11	17	21	20	13	9	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	0	3	8	5	66	119	168	180	130	99	12	0	42	0	0	0	0	19	0

There was one family of 21 persons.

The total number of family members living with all participants Warberri: 872

The average number of family members currently living with each participant Warberri is: 8.72

Yaqshid District - Mogadishu																				
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
0	1	2	4	3	8	8	13	9	7	6	4	10	6	2	7	0	1	3	1	1
0	1	4	12	12	40	48	91	72	56	60	44	120	78	28	105	0	17	54	19	20

There was one family of 21 persons.

There was one family of 23 persons.

There was one family of 25 persons.

There was one family of 30 persons.

The total number of family members living with all participants Yaqshid: 980

The average number of family members currently living with each participant Yaqshid is: 9.80

600 Participants																				
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
4	2	9	17	23	26	54	62	71	72	67	36	40	21	19	29	9	5	11	3	7
	2	18	51	92	130	324	434	568	648	670	396	480	273	266	435	144	85	198	57	140

There were three families of 21 persons.

There was one family of 22 persons.

There were two families of 23 persons.

There was one family of 24 persons.

There were three families of 25 persons.

There was one family of 30 persons.

The total number of family members living with all participants is: 5,671

The average number of family members currently living with each participant is: 9.45

Children alive and dead:

This question is designed to determine the average number of children per family and the average child death rate per family. The question is also attempting to highlight the high mortality and morbidity rates for Somalis in Mogadishu.

Total number of children born to all participants is = 3,991

Total number of children that have been born, but have died = 1,148

% that have died = 28.76%

Average number of children alive per family (not including those not married) = 7.62

Average number of children that have died per family (not including those not married) = 2.19

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu																							
Children per participant	NA	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
No of participants	25	3	3	7	6	4	6	8	5	4	8	10	3	4	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	0
Total children born		0	3	14	18	16	30	48	35	32	72	100	33	48	0	0	15	0	0	36	19	0	0
Number died		0	2	5	9	2	8	17	7	12	24	30	10	20	0	0	7	0	0	20	7	0	0
Total alive		0	2	4	9	14	22	31	28	20	48	70	23	28	0	0	8	0	0	16	12	0	0
% died		0	66	36	50	12.5	27	35	20	37.5	33	30	30	42	0	0	47	0	0	56	37	0	0
% alive		0	33	64	50	87.5	73	65	80	62.5	67	70	70	58	0	0	53	0	0	44	63	0	0

NA = Not married

Total number of children born to participants in Abdul-aziz District = 519

Total number of children that have be born, but have died = 180

% that have died = 34.68%

% that are alive = 65.32%

Average number of children alive per family (not including those not married) = 4.52

Average number of children that have died per family (not including those not married) =2.40

Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu																							
Children per participant	NA	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
No of participants	9	4	1	8	4	6	10	9	7	8	7	7	7	3	2	5	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
Total children born		0	1	16	12	24	50	54	49	64	63	70	77	36	26	70	0	16	17	0	0	0	21
Number died		0	0	3	5	7	8	8	9	21	16	21	25	10	7	26	0	7	2	0	0	0	7
Total alive		0	1	13	7	17	42	46	40	43	47	49	52	26	19	44	0	9	15	0	0	0	14
% died		0	0	19	42	29	16	15	18	33	25	30	32	28	27	37	0	44	12	0	0	0	33
% alive		0	100	81	58	71	84	85	82	67	75	70	68	72	73	63	0	56	88	0	0	0	67

NA = Not married

Total number of children born to participants in Hawl-wadag District = 666

Total number of children that have been born, but have died = 182

% that have died = 27.03%

% that are alive = 72.97%

Average number of children alive per family (not including those not married) = 5.32

Average number of children that have died per family (not including those not married) = 2.0

Bondhere District - Mogadishu																							
Children per participant	NA	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
No of participants	22	0	5	3	7	6	9	7	2	9	4	3	6	8	1	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	1
Total children born		0	5	6	21	24	45	42	14	72	36	30	66	96	13	14	15	32	17	0	0	20	21
Number died		0	0	4	1	6	13	14	3	14	10	8	23	33	3	2	6	12	7	0	0	5	5
Total alive		0	5	2	20	18	32	28	11	58	26	22	43	66	10	12	9	20	10	0	0	15	16
% died		0	0	67	5	25	29	33	21	19	28	27	35	34	23	14	40	37.5	41	0	0	25	24
% alive		0	100	33	95	75	71	67	79	81	72	73	65	66	77	86	60	62.5	59	0	0	75	76

One Bondhere participant indicated 25 children - 20 alive and 5 have died.

NA = Not married

Total number of children born to participants in Bondhere District = 614

Total number of children that have been born, but have died = 174

% that have died = 28.34%

% that are alive = 71.66%

Average number of children alive per family (not including those not married) = 5.64

Average number of children that have died per family (not including those not married) = 2.17

Hodan District - Mogadishu																							
Children per participant	NA	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
No of participants	9	0	3	7	8	2	8	3	8	15	2	9	5	5	6	3	1	1	0	1	1	1	2
Total children born		0	3	14	24	8	40	18	56	120	18	90	55	60	78	42	15	16	0	18	19	20	42
Number died		0	1	5	8	4	3	4	15	40	6	27	16	22	17	10	7	2	0	5	4	6	8
Total alive		0	2	9	16	4	38	14	41	80	12	63	39	38	61	32	8	14	0	13	15	14	34
% died		0	33	36	33	50	5	29	27	33	33	30	29	37	28	24	47	14	0	28	21	30	19
% alive		0	67	64	67	50	95	81	73	67	67	70	71	63	72	76	53	86	0	72	79	70	81

NA = Not married

Total number of children born to participants in Hodan District = 756

Total number of children that have been born, but have died = 208

% that have died = 27.51%

% that are alive = 72.49%

Average number of children alive per family (not including those not married) = 8.31

Average number of children that have died per family (not including those not married) = 2.29

Warberri District - Mogadishu																							
Children per participant	NA	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
No of participants	8	5	5	8	3	3	13	8	7	4	8	5	10	2	3	3	0	2	1	0	1	1	0
Total children born		0	5	16	9	12	65	48	49	32	72	50	110	24	39	42	0	32	17	0	19	20	0
Number died		0	1	5	3	2	14	12	10	7	21	17	35	11	11	11	0	7	8	0	5	7	0
Total alive		0	4	11	6	10	51	36	39	25	51	33	75	13	28	31	0	25	9	0	14	13	0
% died		0	20	31	33	17	22	25	20	22	29	34	32	46	28	26	0	22	47	0	26	35	0
% alive		0	80	69	67	83	78	75	80	78	71	66	68	54	72	74	0	78	53	0	74	65	0

NA = Not married

Total number of children born to participants in Warberri District = 661

Total number of children that have been born, but have died = 187

% that have died = 28.29%

% that are alive = 71.71%

Average number of children alive per family (not including those not married) = 5.15

Average number of children that have died per family (not including those not married) = 2.03

Yaqshid District - Mogadishu																							
Children per participant	NA	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
No of participants	3	5	6	4	3	4	5	9	6	9	13	9	5	7	2	2	0	2	1	2	1	1	1
Total children born		0	6	8	9	16	25	54	42	72	117	90	55	84	26	28	0	32	17	36	19	20	21
Number died		0	1	0	3	9	4	19	11	20	31	29	14	32	3	12	0	10	3	17	4	8	5
Total alive		0	5	8	6	8	21	35	31	52	86	61	41	52	23	16	0	22	14	19	15	12	16
% died		0	17	0	33	56	16	35	26	28	26.5	32	25	38	12	43	0	31	18	47	21	40	24
% alive		0	83	100	67	44	84	65	74	72	73.5	68	75	62	88	67	0	69	82	53	79	60	76

NA = Not married

Total number of children born to participants in Yaqshid District = 777

Total number of children that have been born, but have died = 237

% that have died = 30.50%

% that are alive = 69.50%

Average number of children alive per family (not including those not married) = 8.01

Average number of children that have died per family (not including those not married) = 2.44

600 Participants																							
Children per participant	NA	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
No of participants	76	17	23	37	31	25	51	44	35	44	42	43	36	29	14	14	3	8	4	5	4	4	5
Total children born		0	23	74	91	100	255	264	245	392	378	430	396	346	182	196	45	128	68	90	76	80	105
Number died		0	5	22	29	30	50	74	55	114	108	132	123	128	41	61	20	38	20	42	20	26	25
Total alive		0	18	52	62	70	205	190	190	278	270	298	273	218	141	135	25	90	48	48	56	54	80
% died		0	22	30	32	30	20	28	22	29	29	31	31	37	23	31	44	30	29	47	26	32.5	24
% alive		0	78	70	68	70	80	72	78	71	71	69	69	63	77	69	56	70	71	53	74	67.5	76

One participant indicated 25 children – 20 alive and 5 have died.

NA = Not married

Total number of children born to all participants is = 3,991

Total number of children that have been born, but have died = 1,148

% that have died = 28.76%

% that are alive = 71.24%

Average number of children alive per family (not including those not married) = 7.62

Average number of children that have died per family (not including those not married) = 2.19

What is your level of education?

The question (and those that follow) was designed to illicit current literacy and numeracy rates amongst those who are the poorest in Mogadishu at the present time.

The question was also asked to quantify any differences between men and women, as traditionally, Somali women have been excluded from education. SAACID saw this as an opportunity to quantify any gender differences in education amongst the poor in Mogadishu.

50.33% of all the participants indicated that they had no education at all.

Some 62.33% of the women participants identified themselves as not having any form of education. While 30.04% of the male participants indicated they had no education at all.

Informal education: Represents education from family, friends, etc

Adult education: Represents education from Islamic schools, small informal private schools, vocational education, etc - non-formal education

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu							
	None	Primary	Intermediate	Secondary	Informal Education	Adult Education	
		Years 1-4	Years 5-8	Years 9-12			Tertiary
Female	27	13	11	3	6	6	0
Male	15	1	7	6	1	3	1
Total	42	14	18	9	7	9	1

Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu							
	None	Primary	Intermediate	Secondary	Informal Education	Adult Education	
		Years 1-4	Years 5-8	Years 9-12			Tertiary
Female	49	12	5	6	0	2	1
Male	8	5	5	6	0	0	1
Total	57	17	10	12	0	2	2

Bondhere District - Mogadishu							
	None	Primary	Intermediate	Secondary	Informal Education	Adult Education	
		Years 1-4	Years 5-8	Years 9-12			Tertiary
Female	30	7	4	1	0	6	0
Male	16	9	16	6	0	2	3
Total	46	16	20	7	0	8	3

Hodan District - Mogadishu							
	None	Primary	Intermediate	Secondary	Informal Education	Adult Education	
		Years 1-4	Years 5-8	Years 9-12			Tertiary
Female	42	2	8	1	0	7	1
Male	3	6	13	11	0	2	4
Total	45	8	21	12	0	9	5

Warberri District - Mogadishu							
	None	Primary	Intermediate	Secondary	Informal Education	Adult Education	
		Years 1-4	Years 5-8	Years 9-12			Tertiary
Female	48	8	2	4	1	9	0
Male	8	6	2	7	0	4	1
Total	56	14	4	11	1	13	1

Yaqshid District – Mogadishu							
	None	Primary	Intermediate	Secondary	Informal Education	Adult Education	
		Years 1-4	Years 5-8	Years 9-12			Tertiary
Female	39	1	5	2	0	7	1
Male	17	4	11	11	0	2	0
Total	56	5	16	13	0	9	1

600 Participants (by gross numbers)							
	None	Primary	Intermediate	Secondary	Informal Education	Adult Education	
		Years 1-4	Years 5-8	Years 9-12			Tertiary
Female	235	43	35	17	7	37	3
Male	67	31	54	47	1	13	10
Total	302	74	89	64	8	50	13

600 Participants (by percentage)							
	None	Primary	Intermediate	Secondary	Informal Education	Adult Education	
		Years 1-4	Years 5-8	Years 9-12			Tertiary
Female	62.33%	11.41%	9.28%	4.51%	1.86%	9.81%	0.80%
Male	30.04%	13.30%	23.16%	20.17%	0.43%	5.58%	4.29%

Can you read and write Somali?

This question was asked to identify functional literacy rates. It was also asked to identify and quantify any difference in rates between women and men.

Only 35.28% of the women indicated they could read and write - this was compared to 72.96% of the men.

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu				Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu			
	Yes	No	Semi		Yes	No	Semi
Female	31	29	7	Female	29	46	0
Male	19	11	3	Male	17	8	0
Total	50	40	10	Total	46	54	0

Bondhere District - Mogadishu				Hodan District - Mogadishu			
	Yes	No	Semi		Yes	No	Semi
Female	19	29	1	Female	17	44	0
Male	38	13	0	Male	38	1	0
Total	57	42	1	Total	55	45	0

Warberi District - Mogadishu				Yaqshid District - Mogadishu			
	Yes	No	Semi		Yes	No	Semi
Female	17	53	0	Female	20	35	0
Male	20	8	2	Male	38	17	0
Total	37	61	2	Total	58	42	0

600 Participants (by gross numbers)				600 participants (by percentage)			
	Yes	No	Semi		Yes	No	Semi
Female	133	236	8	Female	35.28%	62.60%	2.12%
Male	170	48	5	Male	72.96%	20.60%	2.14%
Total	303	284	13				

Can you add, subtract, divide and multiply?

This question was asked to identify functional numeracy rates. It was also asked to identify and quantify any difference in rates between women and men.

Only 20.69% of the women indicated they could add, subtract, divide and multiply - this was compared to 54.07% of the men.

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu				Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu			
	Yes	No	Semi		Yes	No	Semi
Female	17	36	13	Female	22	53	0
Male	14	11	9	Male	16	9	0
Total	31	47	22	Total	38	62	0

Bondhere District - Mogadishu				Hodan District - Mogadishu			
	Yes	No	Semi		Yes	No	Semi
Female	9	36	3	Female	11	50	0
Male	21	27	4	Male	32	7	0
Total	30	63	7	Total	43	57	0

Warberi District - Mogadishu				District - Mogadishu			
	Yes	No	Semi		Yes	No	Semi
Female	10	61	1	Female	9	46	0
Male	16	9	3	Male	27	18	0
Total	26	70	4	Total	36	64	0

600 Participants (by gross numbers)				600 participants (by percentage)			
	Yes	No	Semi		Yes	No	Semi
Female	78	282	17	Female	20.69%	74.80%	4.51%
Male	126	81	16	Male	54.07%	34.76%	6.87%
Total	204	363	33				

What is your marital status?

Marriage is an important social indicator for Somalis. Marriage is a necessary step for the production of children. Children are seen as vital for insuring economic viability in old age.

SAACID was also interested to see if there was any disparity between men and women when it came to marriage and divorce.

Interestingly, 49.34% of the women were married compared to 77.13% of the men. 19.89% of the women indicated that they were divorced, while only 6.28% of the men said they were currently divorced. 19.36% of the women indicated that they were widowed, while only 1.79% of the men indicated that they were in that category.

Abdul-aziz District – Mogadishu				
	Married	Divorced	Widowed	Single
Female	27	20	4	15
Male	20	2	3	9
Total	47	22	7	24

Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu				
	Married	Divorced	Widowed	Single
Female	33	16	17	9
Male	23	2	0	0
Total	56	18	17	9

Bondhere District - Mogadishu				
	Married	Divorced	Widowed	Single
Female	28	6	6	8
Male	36	1	0	15
Total	64	7	6	23

Hodan District - Mogadishu				
	Married	Divorced	Widowed	Single
Female	35	8	14	4
Male	31	3	0	5
Total	66	11	14	9

Warberi District - Mogadishu				
	Married	Divorced	Widowed	Single
Female	40	11	16	5
Male	20	4	1	3
Total	60	15	17	8

Yaqshid District - Mogadishu				
	Married	Divorced	Widowed	Single
Female	23	14	16	2
Male	42	2	0	1
Total	65	16	16	3

600 Participants (in gross numbers)				
	Married	Divorced	Widowed	Single
Female	186	75	73	43
Male	172	14	4	33
Total	358	89	77	76

600 Participants (as a percentage)				
	Married	Divorced	Widowed	Single
Female	49.34%	19.89%	19.36%	11.41%
Male	77.13%	6.28%	1.79%	14.80%

How many wives do you currently have?

Somalis are overwhelming Muslim by religion; and in the current war-torn Somali context Islam is the pre-eminent social organiser. Islam allows men to have up to 4 wives if they can afford to keep them in an appropriate living standard. SAACID asked this question to get quantitative figures on the number of wives men had in relation to their current economic status.

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu						
	NA	1	2	3	4	Total
Male	14	14	6	0	0	34

Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu						
	NA	1	2	3	4	Total
Male	2	15	7	1	0	25

Bondhere District - Mogadishu						
	NA	1	2	3	4	Total
Male	15	22	12	3	0	52

Hodan District - Mogadishu						
	NA	1	2	3	4	Total
Male	8	21	8	2	0	39

Warberri District - Mogadishu						
	NA	1	2	3	4	Total
Male	7	14	5	0	2	28

Yaqshid District - Mogadishu						
	NA	1	2	3	4	Total
Male	3	31	9	2	0	45

600 Participants						
	NA	1	2	3	4	
Male	49	117	47	8	2	
	21.97%	52.47%	21.08%	3.59%	0.89%	

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How many times have you been divorced?

Divorce is extremely common in Somali society. It is the only formal way under Islam that an individual can ensure that they get the children they need to insure they are looked after in old age or infirmity. SAACID wanted to also see if there were any statistical variations between men and women when it came to divorce.

15.5% of the participants indicated that they had never married.

66.33% of the participants who had married indicated that they had divorced at least once.

33.67% of the participants indicated that they had married but had never divorced. Of those, 39.26% of the women indicated they had never divorced, while 24.22% of the men said that they had never divorced.

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu																				
	NA	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Female	15	9	20	12	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Male	9	8	9	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	24	17	29	16	10	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1

Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu																				
	NA	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Female	8	24	25	10	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Male	13	4	4	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	20	28	29	11	9	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bondhere District - Mogadishu																				
	NA	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Female	8	16	12	7	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Male	17	16	5	7	2	1	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	23	32	17	14	5	2	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0

One male from Bondhere District indicated that he had been divorced 28 times.

One female from Bondhere District indicated that she had been divorced 30 times.

Hodan District - Mogadishu																				
	NA	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Female	4	38	10	5	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Male	6	6	15	7	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Total	9	44	25	12	4	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2

Warberi District - Mogadishu																				
	NA	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Female	6	37	15	7	4	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Male	4	11	6	4	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	9	48	21	11	4	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Yaqshid District - Mogadishu																				
	NA	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Female	2	24	20	6	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Male	1	9	11	12	4	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	3	33	31	18	7	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

One participant indicated he had divorced 24 times.

One participant indicated he had divorced 32 times.

600 Participants																				
	NA	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Female	43	148	102	47	27	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Male	50	54	50	35	12	6	7	3	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
Total	93	202	152	82	39	10	11	3	0	1	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	3

One participant indicated he had divorced 24 times.

One participant indicated that he had been divorced 28 times.

One participant indicated that she had been divorced 30 times.

One participant indicated he had divorced 32 times.

What employment experience do you have?

This question was asked to assess the current level of job experience of those who are very poor in Mogadishu at the moment.

The participants were free to provide as much information as they wished. Some gave multiple skills - others indicated no experience.

30.17% of the participants indicated that they had no previous job experience at all. Of those, 35.28% of the women indicated that they had no experience at all, while 21.52% of the men indicated that they had no previous job experience.

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu				Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu			
Job Experience	Female	Male	Total	Job Experience	Female	Male	Total
None	27	9	36	Housewife	31	0	31
Small business	19	0	19	None	11	2	13
Housewife	7	0	7	Small business	13	3	9
Labourer	2	4	6	Farming	3	2	5
Administration	2	2	4	Nurse	3	2	5
Teacher	4	0	4	Administration	2	2	4
Driver	0	3	3	Mid-wife	4	0	4
Fishing	0	3	3	Technician	1	3	4
Vehicle repair	0	2	2	Teacher	1	2	3
Watchman	0	2	2	Labourer	2	1	3
Health Provider	1	1	2	Driver	2	0	2
Assistant Driver	0	1	1	Vehicle repair	0	2	2
Farming	0	1	1	Military	0	2	2
Waiter	0	1	1	Librarian	1	0	1
Seafaring	0	1	1	Cook	1	0	1
Slaughter	0	1	1	Pharmacist	0	1	1
Military	0	1	1	Manager	0	1	1
Cook	1	0	1	Cleaner	1	0	1
Manager	1	0	1	Tailor	1	0	1
Factory Worker	1	0	1				
Mid-wife	1	0	1				
Cleaner	1	0	1				

Bondhere District - Mogadishu				Hodan District - Mogadishu			
Job Experience	Female	Male	Total	Job Experience	Female	Male	Total
None	30	13	43	None	25	7	32
Driver	0	8	8	Small business	21	5	26
Vehicle repair	0	8	8	Driver	1	6	7
Small business	4	2	6	Nurse	3	1	4
Labourer	0	5	5	Teacher	1	3	4
Administration	2	2	4	Housewife	4	0	4
Housewife	4	0	4	Mid-wife	3	0	3
Cook	1	1	2	Military	0	3	3
Nurse	2	0	2	Technician	0	2	2
Watchman	0	2	2	Cook	1	1	2
Cleaner	2	0	2	Administration	0	2	2
Teacher	0	2	2	Vehicle repair	0	2	2
Carpenter	0	2	2	Police	0	2	2
Technician	0	2	2	Pastoralist	1	0	1
Assistant Driver	0	1	1	Telecommunications	0	1	1
Mid-wife	1	0	1	Accountant	0	1	1
Engineer	0	1	1	Manager	0	1	1
Accountant	0	1	1	Tailor	1	0	1
Fishing	0	1	1	Fire Fighter	0	1	1
Police	0	1	1	Carpenter	0	1	1
Factory Worker	1	0	1				

Warberi District - Mogadishu				Yaqshid District - Mogadishu			
Job Experience	Female	Male	Total	Job Experience	Female	Male	Total
Small business	16	5	25	None	33	12	45
Housewife	21	0	21	Administration	3	9	12
None	9	5	14	Small business	5	2	7
Labourer	6	4	10	Cleaner	5	1	6
Driver	0	5	5	Military	0	5	5
Cleaner	4	0	4	Manager	0	4	4
Baker	3	1	4	Driver	0	3	3
Administration	2	2	4	Nurse	3	0	3
Farming	3	1	4	Housewife	2	0	2
Teacher	2	0	2	Watchman	0	2	2
Photographer	0	1	1	Mid-wife	1	0	1
Army	0	1	1	Technician	0	1	1
Electrician	0	1	1	Cook	0	1	1
Nurse	0	1	1	Waiter	1	0	1
Pastoralist	1	0	1	Factory worker	1	0	1
Telecommunications	0	1	1	Carpenter	0	1	1
				Electrician	0	1	1
				Salesperson	0	1	1
				Farmer	0	1	1
				Assistant driver	0	1	1

600 Participants			
Job Experience	Female	Male	Total
None	133	48	181
Small business	82	17	99
Administration	13	17	30
Driver	1	27	28
Labourer	10	14	24
Teacher	8	7	15
Nurse	11	4	15
Cleaner	13	1	14
Military	0	12	12
Farming	6	5	11
Mid-wife	10	0	10
Vehicle repair	0	10	10
Technician	1	8	9
Cook	4	3	7
Watchman	0	6	6
Fishing	0	4	4
Baker	1	3	4
Welder	0	4	4
Carpenter	0	4	4
Police	0	3	3
Factory worker	3	0	3
Assistant driver	0	3	3
Manager	1	2	3
Health provider	1	1	2
Waiter	1	1	2
Electrician	0	2	2
Pastoralist	2	0	2
Accountant	0	2	2
Telecommunications	0	2	2

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Tailor	2	0	2
Engineer	0	1	1
Fire fighter	0	1	1
Librarian	1	0	1
Seafarer	0	1	1
Slaughterer	0	1	1

What job would you like to do in the future?

This question was asked to assess the desires and dreams of the participants.

25 of the participants indicated “Sanitation Worker”, indicating a strong desire to continue with the present ILO ‘Economic Recovery Programme’.

Most of the participants indicated very simple employment objectives that would be fulfilled with any political and economic recovery of the programme.

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu				Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu			
Job Experience	Female	Male	Total	Job Experience	Female	Male	Total
Small business	22	2	24	No idea	19	0	19
Labourer	8	7	15	Any job	9	0	9
Nurse	9	1	10	Small business	4	5	9
Administration	6	3	9	Cleaner	8	0	8
Teacher	4	1	5	Administration	6	2	8
Driver	0	4	4	Labourer	5	0	5
Education	3	0	3	Nurse	4	1	5
Housewife	3	0	3	Education	3	2	5
Cleaner	2	1	3	Farmer	3	2	5
Military	0	3	3	Teacher	2	2	4
Doctor	2	0	2	Housewife	3	0	3
Sanitation Worker	1	1	2	Mid-wife	3	0	3
Cook	2	0	2	Driver	0	2	2
Farmer	0	1	1	Military	0	2	2
Watchman	0	1	1	Pilot	2	0	2
Basketball Professional	0	1	1	Doctor	1	1	2
Seaman	0	1	1	Technician	0	2	2
Maid	1	0	1	Cook	1	0	1
Vehicle repair	0	1	1	Welder	0	1	1
Baker	1	0	1	Tailoring	1	0	1
Electrician	0	1	1	Librarian	1	0	1
Building Trade	0	1	1	Photographer	0	1	1
Accountant	0	1	1	Management	0	1	1

Mid-wife	1	0	1			
Management	1	0	1			
Politician	0	1	1			
Engineer	0	1	1			

Bondhere District - Mogadishu				Hodan District - Mogadishu			
Job Experience	Female	Male	Total	Job Experience	Female	Male	Total
Any job	10	4	14	Small business	18	4	22
Labourer	10	4	14	No idea	10	1	11
Administration	3	5	8	Nurse	9	1	10
Driver	0	8	8	Administration	1	7	8
Small business	5	2	7	Politician	4	3	7
Vehicle repair	0	6	6	Driver	0	5	5
Cleaner	5	0	5	Doctor	2	3	5
Nurse	5	0	5	Teacher	1	3	4
Education	1	3	4	Labourer	3	1	4
Doctor	1	3	4	Mid-wife	4	0	4
Housewife	3	0	3	Engineer	0	3	3
Cook	3	0	3	Education	3	0	3
Politician	0	3	3	Cleaner	3	0	3
Teacher	0	3	3	Housewife	2	0	2
Carpenter	0	2	2	Technician	0	2	2
Engineer	0	2	2	Welder	0	1	1
Health provider	0	1	1	Military	0	1	1
Sanitation Worker	1	0	1	Pastoralist	1	0	1
Electrician	0	1	1	Electrician	0	1	1
Porter	0	1	1	Management	0	1	1
Technician	0	1	1				
Police	0	1	1				
Building Trade	0	1	1				
Accountant	0	1	1				
Watchman	0	1	1				

Warberi District - Mogadishu				Yaqshid District - Mogadishu			
Job Experience	Female	Male	Total	Job Experience	Female	Male	Total
Small business	25	5	30	Any job	36	16	52
Sanitation Worker	21	0	21	Administration	0	15	15
Administration	4	6	10	Health provider	4	1	5
Doctor	4	4	8	Small business	2	1	3
Labourer	1	3	4	Driver	0	2	2
No idea	3	1	4	Nurse	2	0	2
Farming	2	1	3	Labourer	2	0	2
Teacher	1	1	2	Mid-wife	2	0	2
Any job	2	0	2	Cleaner	2	0	2
Driver	0	2	2	Housewife	2	0	2
Engineer	0	1	1	Farmer	1	1	2
Politician	0	1	1	Sanitation worker	1	0	1
Housewife	1	0	1	Education	0	1	1
Cleaner	1	0	1	Electrician	0	1	1
Police	0	1	1	Pastoralist	0	1	1
Technician	0	1	1	Soccer professional	0	1	1
Pastoralist	1	0	1	Watchman	0	1	1
Photographer	0	1	1	Factory worker	1	0	1
				Politician	0	1	1
				Doctor	1	0	1
				Carpenter	0	1	1
				Technician	0	1	1

600 Participants			
Job Experience	Female	Male	Total
Small business	76	19	95
Any job	57	20	77
Administration	20	38	58
Labourer	29	15	44
Nurse	29	3	32
Sanitation worker	24	1	25
Driver	0	23	23
Cleaner	21	1	22
Doctor	11	11	22
Teacher	8	10	18
Further education	10	6	16
Housewife	14	0	14
Politician	4	9	13
Mid-wife	10	0	10
Technician	0	7	7
Military	0	6	6
Engineer	0	6	6
Farmer	3	3	6
Cook	6	0	6
Health provider	4	2	6
Electrician	0	4	4
Carpenter	0	3	3
Watchman	0	3	3
Pastoralist	2	1	3
Police	0	2	2
Building trade	0	2	2
Pilot	2	0	2
Photographer	0	2	2
Welder	0	2	2

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Accountant	0	2	2
Porter	0	1	1
Factory worker	1	0	1
Tailor	1	0	1
Baker	1	0	1
Maid	1	0	1
Seafarer	0	1	1
Librarian	1	0	1
Professional soccer player	0	1	1
Professional basketball player	0	1	1

Do Somali women have access to law to protect their rights?

SAACID is a women's INGO and we are very concerned with the lack of access to legal instruments for women in Somalia. SAACID saw this as a very good opportunity to gather the opinions of poor women and men on this issue.

48.33% of all participants indicated they thought that Somali women did have access to legal rights through Sharia or Islamic law. **43.17%** of the participants indicated that they did not think that Somali women had access to any law at the present time.

63.68% of the men surveyed agreed with the statement that Somali women had access to their legal rights through the Sharia or Islamic system. While only **39.26%** of the women surveyed indicated that they thought they had access through the Sharia or Islamic system.

54.38% of the women surveyed indicated that they did not think they had access to any legal system at the present time. **24.21%** of the men surveyed indicated that they thought Somali women did not have access to legal rights at this point in time.

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu				Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu			
	Female	Male	Total		Female	Male	Total
Sharia law/Islamic law	31	16	48	No access to any law	54	4	58
No access to any law	32	8	40	Sharia law/Islamic law	18	19	37
Human rights organisations	3	7	10	Somali culture	1	1	2
Don't know	0	3	3	Don't know	2	1	3

Bondhere District - Mogadishu				Hodan District - Mogadishu			
	Female	Male	Total		Female	Male	Total
Sharia law/Islamic law	26	36	62	Sharia law/Islamic law	20	30	50
No access to any law	16	13	29	No access to any law	40	8	48
Somali Culture	6	3	9	Human rights organisations	0	0	0
Don't know	0	0	0	Don't know	1	1	2

Warberi District - Mogadishu				Yaqshid District - Mogadishu			
	Female	Male	Total		Female	Male	Total
Sharia law/Islamic law	11	9	20	Sharia law/Islamic law	42	32	74
No access to any law	61	19	80	No access to any law	2	2	4
Somali Culture	0	0	0	Somali culture	10	11	21
Don't know	0	0	0	Don't know	1	0	1

600 participants (in gross numbers)				600 Participants (by percentage)			
	Female	Male	Total		Female	Male	Total
Sharia law/Islamic law	148	142	290	Sharia law/Islamic law	39.26%	63.68%	48.33%
No access to any law	205	54	259	No access to any law	54.38%	24.21%	43.17%
Somali Culture	17	15	32	Somali culture	4.51%	6.73%	5.33%
Human rights organisations	3	7	10	Human rights organisations	0.79%	3.14%	1.67%
Don't know	4	5	9	Don't know	1.06%	2.24%	1.50%

What are your current medical problems?

This question is designed to illicit the current medical problems that the poor in Mogadishu are exposed to.

63.33% of the participants indicated that they had no health problems. 36.67% of participants indicated that they had at least one medical problem.

14.83% of the participants indicated they had varying levels of malnutrition.

9.67% of the participants indicated that they were currently suffering from malaria.

4.83% of the participants indicated that they currently had a Sexually Transmitted Disease (STD).

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu				Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu			
Problem	Female	Male	Total	Problem	Female	Male	Total
Nil	25	18	43	Nil	53	18	71
Malnutrition	21	4	25	Malnutrition	8	2	10
Malaria	12	7	19	Malaria	7	2	9
Anaemia	9	0	9	TB	5	3	8
Syphilis	7	3	10	Dental	4	1	5
Eyes	1	4	5	Abdominal pain	3	1	4
Typhoid	4	0	4	Bronchitis	2	0	2
Skin problem	2	1	3	Kidney Disorder	2	0	2
Allergies	2	0	2	Bullet injury (ongoing)	1	1	2
Bronchitis	2	0	2	Syphilis	1	0	1
Headaches	2	0	2	Skin problem	1	0	1
Dental	1	1	2	Nervous Disorder	1	0	1
Nervous Disorder	0	2	2	Back Pain	1	0	1
Kidney Disorder	0	1	1	Heart Disorder	1	0	1
Urinal Disorder	0	1	1				
Flu	1	0	1				
Arthritis	1	0	1				
Rheumatism	1	0	1				
Insomnia	1	0	1				

Diarrhea	1	0	1				
Liver Disorder	1	0	1				
Thrombosis	1	0	1				
Gynaecological problem	1	0	1				

Bondhere District - Mogadishu				Hodan District - Mogadishu			
Problem	Female	Male	Total	Problem	Female	Male	Total
Nil	28	34	62	Nil	24	25	49
Malnutrition	8	6	14	Malnutrition	9	4	13
Malaria	2	7	9	Malaria	6	3	9
Anaemia	2	1	3	Bullet injury (ongoing)	2	4	6
Syphilis	1	2	3	Nervous Disorder	4	2	6
Eyes	3	0	3	Gastric	2	3	5
Kidney Disorder	2	1	3	Dental	4	0	4
Heart Disorder	3	0	3	Headaches	3	0	3
Bullet wound	1	1	2	Rheumatism	2	1	3
Bronchitis	1	0	1	Abdominal pain	3	0	3
Nervous Disorder	1	0	1	Typhoid	2	0	2
Left foot	0	1	1	Kidney Disorder	2	0	2
TB	1	0	1	TB	1	1	2
Flu	1	0	1	High blood pressure	1	1	2
Bone	1	0	1	Allergies	1	0	1
Diabetes	1	0	1	Back Pain	1	0	1
Insomnia	1	0	1	Syphilis	1	0	1
Back Pain	0	1	1	Skin problem	1	0	1
Liver Disorder	1	0	1				
Typhoid	1	0	1				
Stomach Disorder	0	1	1				

Warberi District - Mogadishu				Yaqshid District - Mogadishu			
Problem	Female	Male	Total	Problem	Female	Male	Total
Nil	27	19	46	Nil	37	37	74
Malnutrition	19	2	21	Malnutrition	5	1	6
Syphilis	10	2	12	Malaria	4	2	6
Malaria	6	2	8	Rheumatism	4	1	5
Eyes	2	2	4	Stomach Disorder	2	1	3
Heart Disorder	4	0	4	Nervous Disorder	1	1	2
Headaches	2	1	3	Syphilis	2	0	2
Rheumatism	3	0	3	Kidney Disorder	1	1	2
Nervous Disorder	1	1	2	Abdominal pain	1	1	2
Gastric	2	0	2	Headaches	0	1	1
TB	2	0	2	Eye	1	0	1
Kidney Disorder	1	1	2	TB	0	1	1
Stomach Disorder	2	0	2	Flu	1	0	1
Diabetes	1	0	1	Allergies	1	0	1
Back Pain	1	0	1	Back Pain	0	1	1
				Liver Disorder	1	0	1
				Skin problem	0	1	1
				Glandular Disorder	0	1	1
				Heart Disorder	1	0	1

600 Participants			
Problem	Female	Male	Total
Nil	194	186	380
Malnutrition	70	19	89
Malaria	37	21	58
Syphilis	22	7	29
TB	9	5	14
Nervous disorder	8	6	14
Eye problem	7	6	13
Rheumatism	10	2	12

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Anaemia	11	1	12
Dental	9	2	11
Bullet wound problem	4	6	10
Heart disorder	9	0	9
Abdominal pain	7	2	9
Headaches	7	2	9
Gastric	4	3	7
Typhoid	7	0	7
Skin problem	4	2	6
Stomach disorder	4	2	6
Back pain	3	2	5
Allergies	4	0	4
Flu	3	0	3
Liver disorder	3	0	3
Diabetes	2	0	2
High blood pressure	1	1	2
Insomnia	2	0	2
Superficial wound	1	0	1
Broken bone	1	0	1
Arthritis	1	0	1
Thrombosis	1	0	1
Urinal disorder	1	0	1
Gynaecological disorder	1	0	1
Diarrhea	1	0	1

Are there any current medical problems with you family?

62.5% of participants indicated that their families had no health problems. When comparing the data to the list of indicated personal health problems, it is clear that there is under-reporting of family health problems. The data is valuable in that it indicates the types of health issues facing the poor in Mogadishu.

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu				Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu			
Problem	Female	Male	Total	Problem	Female	Male	Total
Nil	37	14	51	Nil	56	16	72
Bronchitis	8	4	12	Bronchitis	3	5	8
Malnutrition	7	2	9	Malnutrition	5	2	7
Malaria	7	2	9	Malaria	11	1	12
Anaemia	6	1	7	Diarrhoea	1	1	4
Flu	2	4	6	Kidney Disorder	2	0	2
Syphilis	2	3	5	Abdominal Disorder	2	0	2
Skin problem	2	0	2	Bullet Wound	1	0	1
TB	1	1	2	Dental Problem	1	0	1
Liver Disorder	2	0	2	Glandular Disorder	1	0	1
Eyes	0	1	1	Diabetes	1	0	1
Typhoid	1	0	1	Measles	0	1	1
Arthritis	0	1	1	Mental Disorder	0	1	1
Rheumatism	0	1	1				
Diarrhoea	0	1	1				
Measles	1	0	1				
Heart Disorder	1	0	1				
Diabetes	1	0	1				
Paraplegic	1	0	1				
Cholera	0	1	1				
Parasitic Infection	0	1	1				
Stomach Disorder	0	1	1				

Bondhere District - Mogadishu				Hodan District - Mogadishu			
Problem	Female	Male	Total	Problem	Female	Male	Total
Nil	33	34	67	Nil	31	27	58
Bronchitis	2	3	5	Malaria	8	2	10
Malnutrition	4	5	9	Bronchitis	5	2	7
Malaria	3	3	6	Malnutrition	6	1	7
TB	3	2	5	TB	1	4	5
Diarrhoea	1	2	3	Diarrhoea	2	1	3
Measles	2	1	3	Mental Disorder	2	1	3
Skin problem	0	2	2	Anaemia	2	1	3
Anaemia	2	0	2	Flu	3	0	3
Kidney	0	2	2	Gynaecological Disorder	0	2	2
Flu	0	1	1	Rheumatism	2	0	2
Eyes	1	0	1	Bullet Wound	0	1	1
Dental	0	1	1	Diabetes	0	1	1
Mental Disorder	0	1	1	Liver Disorder	1	0	1
Stomach Disorder	0	1	1	Heart Disorder	1	0	1
Back pain	0	1	1	Broken bone	1	0	1
Parasitic Infection	0	1	1	High blood pressure	0	1	1
Broken bone	0	1	1	Nerves	1	0	1
Nerves	1	0	1	Gastric	0	1	1

Warberi District - Mogadishu				Yaqshid District - Mogadishu			
Problem	Female	Male	Total	Problem	Female	Male	Total
Nil	42	18	60	Nil	33	34	67
TB	11	2	13	Malnutrition	5	7	12
Malnutrition	6	2	8	TB	3	4	7
Flu	7	1	8	Cancer	0	3	3
Malaria	3	3	6	Rheumatism	0	2	2
Bronchitis	3	1	4	Gynaecological Disorder	0	1	1
Eyes	1	2	3	Diarrhea	0	1	1
Stomach Disorder	2	1	3	Flu	1	0	1
High blood pressure	2	0	2	Malaria	1	0	1
Diarrhea	2	0	2	Syphilis	0	1	1
Kidney	1	0	1	Skin Disorder	1	0	1
Dental	0	1	1	Broken bone	1	0	1
Heart Disorder	1	0	1	Eye problem	1	0	1
Headache	1	0	1	Nerves	0	1	1
Syphilis	1	0	1				
Gynaecological Disorder	0	1	1				

600 Participants			
Problem	Female	Male	Total
Nil	232	143	375
Malnutrition	33	19	52
Malaria	33	11	44
Bronchitis	21	15	36
TB	19	13	32
Flu	13	6	19
Anaemia	10	3	13
Diarrhea	6	6	12
Syphilis	3	4	7
Eye problem	3	3	6
Mental disorder	2	3	5

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Rheumatism	2	3	5
Stomach disorder	2	3	5
Kidney disorder	3	2	5
Measles	3	2	5
Skin disorder	3	2	5
Gynaecological disorder	0	4	4
Diabetes	2	1	3
Liver disorder	3	0	3
Heart disorder	3	0	3
Broken bone	2	1	3
High blood pressure	2	1	3
Nervous disorder	2	1	3
Cancer	0	3	3
Dental	1	2	3
Bullet wound problem	1	1	2
Parasitic infection	0	2	2
Gastric	0	1	1
Back pain	0	1	1
Typhoid	1	0	1
Paraplegic	1	0	1
Cholera	0	1	1
Arthritis	0	1	1
Glandular disorder	1	0	1

Do you currently need medical assistance?

This question was designed to get an understanding about the immediate need for medical care for the participants and their families.

More than 70% of men and women indicated that there was an immediate need for medical care for themselves or their family members.

Abdul-aziz District -Mogadishu			Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu			Bondhere District - Mogadishu		
	Yes	No		Yes	No		Yes	No
Female	64	3	Female	48	27	Female	26	22
Male	30	3	Male	18	7	Male	34	18
Total	94	6	Total	66	34	Total	60	40
Hodan District -Mogadishu			Warberi District - Mogadishu			Yaqshid District - Mogadishu		
	Yes	No		Yes	No		Yes	No
Female	53	8	Female	53	19	Female	29	26
Male	35	4	Male	15	13	Male	27	18
Total	88	12	Total	68	32	Total	56	44

600 Participants (in gross numbers)			600 Participants (by percentage)		
	Yes	No		Yes	No
Female	272	105	Female	72.15%	27.85%
Male	160	63	Male	71.75%	28.25%
Total	432	168			

When was the last time you visited a doctor or dentist?

This question was poorly framed by SAACID. It confused both the SAACID data collectors and the participants. It asked for both medical and dental problems, their constraints and the length of time since the last visit. SAACID quickly decided to concentrate on the medical questions rather than the dental element.

It was very clear from the answers though that a majority of the participants did have dental problems (the primary problem cited was teeth decay), and that the primary constraint in receiving dental care was economic in nature.

The overwhelming majority of those surveyed indicated that they had not, or did not, seek medical attention because of economic constraints.

25% of the participants indicated that they had never been to a doctor. That figure was comprised of 29.44% of the female participants and 17.49% of the male participants. The main factor cited for not seeking medical attention was economic constraints.

Another 27.5% of the participants indicated that they had sort medical attention in the life of the programme.

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu																				
		Months					Years													
	Never	1	2-3	4-6	7-9	10-12	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15+
Female	9	20	2	3	3	10	4	4	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Male	4	6	7	11	0	4	4	2	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	13	26	9	14	3	14	8	6	1	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu																				
		Months					Years													
	Never	1	2-3	4-6	7-9	10-12	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15+
Female	35	9	8	4	3	8	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0
Male	7	2	2	5	0	2	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
Total	42	11	10	9	3	10	3	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	3	0	1

Bondhere District - Mogadishu																				
		Months					Years													
	Never	1	2-3	4-6	7-9	10-12	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15+
Female	13	11	7	5	0	2	3	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Male	7	8	4	2	2	13	5	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	2
Total	20	19	11	7	2	15	8	9	0	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	1	2	0	2

Hodan District - Mogadishu																				
		Months					Years													
	Never	1	2-3	4-6	7-9	10-12	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15+
Female	8	10	4	6	0	11	6	5	1	4	0	1	3	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
Male	2	7	9	4	0	5	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	0
Total	10	17	13	10	0	16	9	7	2	5	0	1	3	0	2	0	1	3	0	1

Warberri District - Mogadishu																				
		Months					Years													
	Never	1	2-3	4-6	7-9	10-12	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15+
Female	36	8	2	5	0	3	2	3	2	1	0	1	0	1	4	0	1	1	0	2
Male	14	4	1	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	1
Total	50	12	3	8	0	4	3	3	2	1	0	1	0	1	6	0	2	1	0	3

Yaqshid District - Mogadishu																				
		Months					Years													
	Never	1	2-3	4-6	7-9	10-12	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15+
Female	10	9	12	5	2	3	5	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	0
Male	5	8	5	6	3	4	2	4	3	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0
Total	15	17	17	11	5	7	7	6	3	1	0	3	0	0	3	2	1	2	0	0

600 Participants																				
		Months					Years													
	Never	1	2-3	4-6	7-9	10-12	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15+
Female	111	67	35	28	8	37	21	20	6	7	0	6	3	1	8	0	4	6	0	3
Male	39	35	28	31	5	29	17	13	4	5	1	1	1	0	6	2	2	6	0	4
Total	150	102	63	59	13	66	38	33	10	12	1	7	4	1	14	2	6	12	0	7

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Who looks after a family member who is sick?

This question was designed to illicit who took the responsibility for caring for sick family members.

Interestingly, 66.58% of the female participants indicated that a female was the primary healthcare provider, while 57.85% of the male participants indicated that a male was the primary healthcare provider.

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu				Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu			
	Female	Male	Total		Female	Male	Total
Female	28	8	36	Female	56	8	64
Male	13	22	35	Male	9	14	23
Male and female	20	4	24	Male and female	6	3	9
Relatives	4	0	4	Relatives	2	0	2
Community	1	0	1	Nobody	2	0	2

Bondhere District - Mogadishu				Hodan District - Mogadishu			
	Female	Male	Total		Female	Male	Total
Female	30	24	54	Female	53	15	68
Male	6	26	32	Male	3	15	18
Male and female	11	2	13	Male and female	5	9	14
Relatives	1	0	1				

Warberi District - Mogadishu				Yaqshid District - Mogadishu			
	Female	Male	Total		Female	Male	Total
Female	40	3	43	Female	44	10	54
Male	13	20	33	Male	9	32	41
Male and Female	7	2	9	Male and Female	2	3	5
Relatives	2	2	4				
God's will	6	1	7				
Nobody	3	0	3				
Community	1	0	1				

600 Participants (in gross numbers)				600 Participants (by percentage)			
	Female	Male	Total		Female	Male	Total
Female	251	66	317	Female	66.58%	29.59%	52.83%
Male	53	129	182	Male	14.06%	57.85%	30.33%
Male and Female	51	23	74	Male and Female	13.53%	10.31%	12.33%
Relatives	9	2	11	Relatives	2.39%	0.90%	1.83%
God's will	6	1	7	God's will	1.58%	0.45%	1.17%
Nobody	5	2	7	Nobody	1.33%	0.90%	1.17%
Community	2	0	2	Community	0.53%	0%	0.33%

Do you know what HIV/AIDS is?

This question was designed to illicit the current level of awareness of HIV/Aid's amongst the poor in Mogadishu. Many indicated that they had heard what it was from the radio, but did not really know what the disease was. This showed a gulf between the simple message of 'a dangerous disease' and explaining what the disease was.

55.17% of the participants indicated that they did not have an understanding of what the disease was. 61.27% of the female participants indicated that they were unaware of what the disease was and 44.84% of the male participants indicated that they were unaware of what the disease was.

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu			Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu			Bondhere District - Mogadishu		
	Yes	No		Yes	No		Yes	No
Female	44	22	Female	6	69	Female	31	17
Male	27	7	Male	1	24	Male	36	16
Total	71	29	Total	7	93	Total	67	33

Hodan District - Mogadishu			Warberi District - Mogadishu			Yaqshid District - Mogadishu		
	Yes	No		Yes	No		Yes	No
Female	20	41	Female	24	48	Female	21	34
Male	15	24	Male	11	17	Male	33	12
Total	35	65	Total	35	65	Total	54	46

600 Participants (in gross numbers)			600 Participants (by percentage)		
	Yes	No		Yes	No
Female	146	231	Female	38.73%	61.27%
Male	123	100	Male	55.16%	44.84%
Total	269	331	Total	44.83%	55.17%

Do you have HIV/AIDS or know someone with HIV/AIDS?

SAACID asked this question in a 600-person survey in 1998. The result of that survey was that 2.5% of the respondents indicated that they knew of someone with HIV/AIDS.

This question is not designed to quantify the exact rate of HIV/AIDS in Mogadishu. Only a scientific study can do that. As HIV/AIDS is still largely a taboo subject in Somali society, no one will indicate that they have HIV/AIDS (if they are aware of it). The question was designed to highlight the awareness of HIV/AIDS in poor Mogadishu communities and to compare the 1998 survey result with the 2003 result.

6.67% of the participants indicated that they were aware of someone with HIV/AIDS - a significant increase over the 1998 result. Of those that did indicate knowledge of someone with the disease, 11.21% of the male participants indicated the awareness of someone they knew, while only 3.98% of the female respondents indicated a similar awareness.

SAACID considers the result significant and again pleads with the international community (as it has since 1998) to intervene in Mogadishu (the largest population cluster in Somalia) with substantive resources to quantitatively determine the exact rate of HIV/AIDS in the city (to date this has still not been done).

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu			Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu			Bondhere District - Mogadishu		
	Yes	No		Yes	No		Yes	No
Female	3	63	Female	0	75	Female	6	42
Male	5	29	Male	1	24	Male	6	46
Total	8	92	Total	1	99	Total	12	88

Hodan District - Mogadishu			Warberri District - Mogadishu			Yaqshid District - Mogadishu		
	Yes	No		Yes	No		Yes	No
Female	0	61	Female	6	66	Female	0	55
Male	2	37	Male	8	20	Male	3	42
Total	2	98	Total	14	86	Total	3	97

600 Participants (by gross number)			600 Participants (by percentage)		
	Yes	No		Yes	No
Female	15	362	Female	3.98%	96.02
Male	25	198	Male	11.21%	88.79%
Total	40	560	Total	6.67%	93.33%

How can you prevent HIV/AIDS?

This question was designed to illicit the understanding of the participants in relation to the risk factors related to HIV/AIDS.

The participants were able to provide multiple answers to the question. The answers provide a good snapshot of the perceived risk factors of the poor in Mogadishu.

53.33% of the participants indicated that they had no idea of the measures that could prevent HIV/AIDS's.

31.5% of the participants indicated that HIV/AIDS could be prevented by not having sex outside marriage.

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu	
Method	Total
No idea	29
Avoid promiscuity	28
Avoid unsterilised equipment (doctor, dentist, barber, razors, scissors, etc)	27
Avoid dirty needles	12
Good hygiene	5
Avoid untreated blood products	4
Use condoms	3
Get an HIV/AIDS test from the partner before marriage	1

Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu	
Method	Total
No idea	69
Avoid promiscuity	30
Avoid dirty needles	18
Avoid drugs	6
Avoid unsterilised equipment (doctor, dentist, barber, razors, scissors, etc)	4
Good hygiene	1
Avoid untreated blood products	2
Use condoms	1
Avoid shared cigarettes	1

Bondhere District - Mogadishu	
Method	Total
No idea	47
Avoid promiscuity	46
Avoid unsterilised equipment (doctor, dentist, barber, razors, scissors, etc)	5
Avoid dirty needles	3
Good hygiene	2
Avoid handshakes	2
A good mid-wife	1
God's will	1
Avoid chairs	1
Avoid drugs	1
Chose a good wife	1

Hodan District - Mogadishu	
Method	Total
No idea	67
Avoid promiscuity	30
Avoid unsterilised equipment (doctor, dentist, barber, razors, scissors, etc)	5
Avoid dirty needles	2
Use condom	3
God's will	1

Warberri District - Mogadishu	
Method	Total
No idea	53
Avoid promiscuity	26
God's will	15
Use condom	8
Avoid dirty needles	1
Avoid handshakes	1
Avoid drugs	1

Yaqshid District - Mogadishu	
Method	Total
No idea	67
Avoid promiscuity	29
Avoid unsterilised equipment (doctor, dentist, barber, razors, scissors, etc)	6
Avoid dirty needles	3
Avoid untreated blood products	2
God's will	2
Breathing	1

600 Participants	
Method	Total
No idea	332
Avoid promiscuity	189
Avoid dirty needles	39
Avoid unsterilised equipment (doctor, dentist, barber, razors, scissors, etc)	20
Use condoms	15
Avoid drugs	8
Good hygiene	8
Avoid untreated blood products	8
God's will	4
Avoid handshakes	3
Get an HIV/AIDS test from the partner before marriage	1
A good mid-wife	1
Avoid shared cigarettes	1
Avoid chairs	1
Chose a good wife	1

Do you or one of your family members own a weapon?

This question was designed to illicit the level of gun ownership amongst the poor in Mogadishu. Low gun ownership is also an indicator that the programme has successfully targeted the poorest in Mogadishu society.

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu											
	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Female	63	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Male	29	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	92	3	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu											
	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Female	75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Male	23	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	98	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bondhere District - Mogadishu											
	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Female	42	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Male	51	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	93	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hodan District - Mogadishu											
	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Female	61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Male	36	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	97	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Warberi District - Mogadishu											
	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Female	72	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Male	26	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	98	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Yaqshid District - Mogadishu											
	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Female	55	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Male	43	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	98	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

600 participants											
	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Female	368	8	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Male	208	8	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	576	16	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

How do you see the programme you are participating in?

This question was designed to give all participants the opportunity to speak on the issue of the programme. Participants could and did give more than one comment. The survey for all districts was conducted in the 3rd month of the 3-month, so all participants had a good opportunity to review and comment on the programme.

Overwhelmingly, the comments from all participants were extremely positive. Six participants said the programme was good, but wanted greater wages. One person said there were not enough tools. One person was not happy with the programme, because the wages were too low.

Abdul-aziz District - Mogadishu				Hawl-wadag District - Mogadishu			
	Female	Male	Total		Female	Male	Total
Good for employment	49	22	71	Good/excellent/effective/perfect	63	20	83
Good for sanitation and public health	41	21	62	Good for employment	14	9	21
Good/excellent/effective/perfect	12	5	17	Good for sanitation and public health	6	8	14
Good for reconciliation and the reintegration of society	3	5	8	Good for reconciliation and the reintegration of society	0	1	1
Beautifies the city	2	1	3	Beautifies the city	0	1	1
Nil	1	1	2	Gives hope	0	1	1
Gives hope	0	1	1				
Boosts moral	0	1	1				
Gives job experience	0	1	1				
Beneficial for personal health	1	0	1				

Bondhere District - Mogadishu				Hodan District - Mogadishu			
	Female	Male	Total		Female	Male	Total
Good for employment	39	32	71	Good/excellent/effective/perfect	49	33	82
Good/excellent/effective/perfect	28	37	65	Good for employment	39	21	60
Good for sanitation and public health	23	24	47	Good for sanitation and public health	26	9	35
Good for reconciliation and the reintegration of society	1	3	4	Good, but need greater wages	3	3	6
Beautifies the city	0	1	1	Beautifies the city	1	1	2
Nil	1	0	1	Gives hope	1	0	1
Gives hope	1	0	1	Good for reconciliation and the reintegration of society	1	0	1
Beneficial for personal health	0	1	1				
Not good (greater wages needed)	0	1	1				

Warberi District - Mogadishu				Yaqshid District - Mogadishu			
	Female	Male	Total		Female	Male	Total
Good/excellent/effective/perfect	71	24	95	Good/excellent/effective/perfect	45	37	82
Good for employment	10	7	17	Good for employment	36	21	57
Good for sanitation and public health	5	4	9	Good for sanitation and public health	17	8	25
Nil	1	0	1	Beautifies the city	6	2	8
				A gift from God	1	1	2
				Not enough tools	0	1	1

600 Participants			
	Female	Male	Total
Good/excellent/effective/perfect	268	156	424
Good for employment	187	112	299
Good for sanitation and public health	118	84	202
Beautifies the city	9	6	15
Good for reconciliation and the reintegration of society	5	9	14
Good, but need greater wages	3	3	6
Gives hope	2	2	4
Nil response	3	1	4
Beneficial for personal health	1	1	2
A gift from God	1	1	2
Gives job experience	0	1	1
Boosts moral	0	1	1
Not enough tools	0	1	1
Not good – greater wages needed	0	1	1